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the percentage of the additive in the mixture.

(3) The label or labeling of dry mixes for beverages and desserts shall bear adequate directions for use to provide that beverages and desserts prepared from the dry mixes contain no more than 2 parts per million BHA.

§172.115 BHT.

The food additive BHT (butylated hydroxytoluene), alone or in combination with other antioxidants permitted in this subpart B may be safely used in or on specified foods, as follows:

- (a) The BHT meets the following specification: Assay (total BHT) 99 percent minimum.
- (b) The BHT is used alone or in combination with BHA, as an antioxidant in foods, as follows:

Food	Limitations (total BHA and BHT) parts per million
Dehydrated potato shreds	50
Dry breakfast cereals	50
Emulsion stabilizers for shortenings	200
Potato flakes	50
Potato granules	10
Sweetpotato flakes	50

- (c) To assure safe use of the additive:
- (1) The label of any market package of the additive shall bear, in addition to the other information required by the Act, the name of the additive.
- (2) When the additive is marketed in a suitable carrier, in addition to meeting the requirement of paragraph (c)(1) of this section, the label shall declare the percentage of the additive in the mixture.

§172.120 Calcium disodium EDTA.

The food additive calcium disodium EDTA (calcium disodium ethylene-diaminetetraacetate) may be safely used in designated foods for the purposes and in accordance with the conditions prescribed, as follows:

- (a) The additive contains a minimum of 99 percent by weight of either the dihydrate $C_{10}H_{12}O_8N_2CaNa_2\cdot 2H_2O$ or the trihydrate $C_{10}H_{12}O_8N_2CaNa_2\cdot 3H_2O$, or any mixture of the two.
- (b) It is used or intended for use as follows:

(1) Alone, in the following foods at not to exceed the levels prescribed, calculated as the anhydrous compound:

	•	-
Food	Limita- tion (parts per mil- lion)	Use
Cabbage, pickled	220	Promote color, flavor, and texture retention.
Canned carbonated soft drinks.	33	Promote flavor retention.
Canned white potatoes	110	Promote color retention.
Clams (cooked canned) Crabmeat (cooked	340 275	Promote color retention. Retard struvite forma-
canned).		tion; promote color retention.
Cucumbers pickled	220	Promote color, flavor, and texture retention.
Distilled alcoholic beverages.	25	Promote stability of color, flavor, and/or product clarity.
Dressings, nonstandard- ized.	75	Preservative.
Dried lima beans (cooked canned).	310	Promote color retention.
Egg product that is hard-cooked and con-	¹ 200	Preservative.
sists, in a cylindrical shape, of egg white with an inner core of egg yolk.		
Fermented malt beverages.	25	Antigushing agent.
French dressing Legumes (all cooked canned, other than dried lima beans, pink beans, and red beans).	75 365	Preservative. Promote color retention.
Mayonnaise	75	Do.
Mushrooms (cooked canned).	200	Promote color retention.
Oleomargarine	75	Preservative.
Pecan pie filling Pink beans (cooked canned).	100 165	Promote color retention. Promote color retention.
Potato salad	100	Preservative.
Processed dry pinto beans.	800	Promote color retention.
Red beans (cooked canned).	165	Promote color retention.
Salad dressing	75	Preservative.
Sandwich spread	100	Do.
SaucesShrimp (cooked	75 250	Do. Retard struvite forma-
canned).	250	tion; promote color retention.
Spice extractives in soluble carriers.	60	Promote color and fla- vor retention.
Spreads, artificially col- ored and lemon-fla- vored or orange-fla- vored.	100	Promote color retention.

¹ By weight of egg yolk portion.

(2) With disodium EDTA (disodium ethylenediaminetetraacetate) in the following foods at not to exceed, in combination, the levels prescribed, calculated as anhydrous $C_{10}H_{12}O_8N_2CaNa_2$: